

# Flashing MeshCore Firmware

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MeshCore firmware can be installed via the web flasher (easiest), with command-line flashing tools (esptool for ESP32, UF2 drag-and-drop for nRF52), or OTA (over-the-air) for updates on already-running devices. All methods are covered below.

### Method 1: Web Flasher (Recommended)

The web flasher at **flasher.meshcore.io** (the canonical flasher, run by the MeshCore core team and linked from the official docs - URL accurate as of 2026-06-13) requires a Chromium-based browser (Chrome or Edge). Firefox does not support the WebSerial API and will not work. *Note: flasher.meshcore.co.uk is a separate, downstream flasher associated with the MeshOS variant - for standard MeshCore, use flasher.meshcore.io.*

1. Open **flasher.meshcore.io** in Chrome or Edge.
2. Connect your device via USB. Use a **data-capable** USB cable. Charge-only cables (common with power banks) will not expose the serial port. If the device does not appear, try a different cable first.
3. Hold the BOOT button while plugging in (ESP32 devices) or double-tap the reset button (nRF52 devices) to enter bootloader mode.
4. Select your device type from the dropdown.
5. Select the firmware variant:
  - **Companion** - pairs with a phone app over BLE or USB
  - **Repeater** - autonomous relay node, no interaction needed
  - **Room Server** - store-and-forward message hub
6. Click **Flash**. The process takes 1 - 2 minutes. Do not disconnect during flashing.
7. After flashing completes, configure the device via the MeshCore app or CLI.

### Method 2: Command-Line Flashing

**Note:** `meshcore-cli` does **not** flash firmware - it connects to an already-running node to configure and interact with it (see Post-Flash Configuration below). Command-line *flashing* uses the standard chip-flashing tools instead, which is useful for bulk deployments or when the web flasher is unavailable.

**ESP32 boards (V3, T-Beam, Station G2, etc.) - esptool:** Install Python 3 first, then install esptool. On many systems use `pip3` if `pip` is not found; on recent Linux/macOS a bare system `pip install` is blocked (PEP 668), so use a virtual environment or `pipx`:

```
pip3 install esptool # or: pipx install esptool
```

Put the board in bootloader mode (hold BOOT while connecting USB), then write the MeshCore merged firmware .bin. Replace the port and filename to match your system:

```
esptool.py --port COM3 write_flash 0x0 meshcore-firmware.bin # Windows
esptool.py --port /dev/ttyUSB0 write_flash 0x0 meshcore-firmware.bin # Linux/macOS
```

**nRF52 boards (RAK4631, Heltec T114, T-Echo, etc.) - UF2 drag-and-drop:** Double-tap the reset button to enter the UF2 bootloader. The board appears as a USB mass-storage drive; copy the MeshCore `.uf2` file onto that drive. The board flashes and reboots automatically. No command-line tool is required.

## Method 3: OTA Update (ESP32 devices)

For devices already running MeshCore firmware, OTA updates avoid needing a USB connection. ESP32 boards update over a temporary Wi-Fi access point. See **Flashing MeshCore Firmware OTA: The Definitive Guide** in the MeshCore book for the full walkthrough.

1. In the MeshCore app, open the Command Line for your device.
2. Type: `start ota`
3. The device will create a Wi-Fi hotspot named **MeshCore-OTA** (it may appear as "MeshCore OTA").
4. Connect your phone or computer to that Wi-Fi network.
5. Open a browser and navigate to **<http://192.168.4.1/update>**
6. Upload the **non-merged** firmware file (.bin) - not the merged .bin, which is for first-time USB flashing. Wait for the device to reboot.

## Method 4: OTA Update (nRF52 devices)

nRF52-based devices use the Nordic DFU protocol for OTA updates. Installing the OTAFIX bootloader (from [flasher.meshcore.io](http://flasher.meshcore.io)) first makes BLE OTA far more reliable. See **Flashing MeshCore Firmware OTA: The Definitive Guide** for the full walkthrough.

1. Place the device in OTA DFU mode (with OTAFIX installed, hold the button while resetting; otherwise issue `start ota` in the MeshCore app Command Line).
2. Use the **nRF Device Firmware Update** app (available for Android/iOS; it appears as "DFU" in your app list).
3. Select the firmware .zip DFU package and transfer. The standard DFU flow handles transfer automatically; leave the app's transfer/packet-receipt settings at their defaults

unless the MeshCore release notes for your board specify otherwise.

# Bootloader Entry by Device

Device	Method
Most ESP32 devices (V3, V4, T-Beam)	Hold BOOT button while connecting USB
nRF52 (T-Echo, RAK WisBlock, Wio series)	Double-tap reset button quickly
LilyGo T-Deck variants	Depress trackball while connecting USB
Heltec V3	Uses a CP2102 USB-serial bridge - install the Silicon Labs CP210x driver first
Heltec V4	Native USB CDC (the CP2102 was removed on V4) - no external USB-serial driver needed

## Post-Flash Configuration (meshcore-cli)

After flashing, the device needs basic configuration before it will function on the network. You can configure it from the MeshCore app, or from a terminal with `meshcore-cli`, which connects to a *running* node (it does not flash firmware). Install it with `pip3 install meshcore-cli` (use a venv or `pipx` on PEP 668 systems), then connect using one of:

```
meshcore-cli -s COM3          # serial (Windows); use -s /dev/ttyUSB0 on Linux/macOS
meshcore-cli -a <BLE address> # BLE by address (or -S to scan and pick from a selector)
meshcore-cli -t 192.168.1.100 -p 5000 # TCP/IP (default port 5000)
```

Then set the basics:

- Set device name (used to identify you in the mesh)
- Set region/frequency. For North America select the US region: this constrains the radio to the 902-928 MHz band (commonly shorthanded "915 MHz") and is the primary compliance control - the US region preset enforces the band edges and caps TX power to the FCC Part 15 limit. Do not select a non-US region or disable the cap.
- Set TX power. For unlicensed US operation, conducted output must not exceed 30 dBm (1 W) and must be reduced further for antennas above 6 dBi (so total EIRP stays within the 36 dBm / 47 CFR 15.247 ceiling). The US region preset normally caps power correctly, but verify on high-power hardware (e.g. Station G2 or 2 W modules), which can default or be set above the legal limit. Reduce power for indoor testing.
- For Repeater variant: set the repeater name and ensure auto-start is enabled

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